

Annual Report

Under Clause 23.11 of the Credit Reporting Privacy Code 2014 (Version 2.3)

for the period 1 July 2022 – 30 June 2023

August 2023

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1. Introduction

- 1.1 Clause 23.11 of the Privacy (Credit Reporting) Code 2014 (Version 2.3) ("CR Code") requires a illion to publish on its website a report that includes the information specified in clause 23.11 of the CR Code ("the Report").
- 1.2 In summary, the Report must include:
 - a. Statistics on access requests, corrections, complaints and serious credit infringements;
 - b. An overview of the monitoring and auditing activity;
 - c. Information about the disclosure to the CRB of comprehensive credit reporting information, being consumer credit liability information and repayment history information; and
 - d. Any other information requested by the OAIC.
- 1.3 This report is for the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023 and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of clause 23.11 of the CR Code.



2. About illion

illion Data Registries Pty. Ltd is illion's consumer credit reporting body ("CRB"), providing consumer credit related products and services including consumer credit reporting, and fraud detection and prevention including identity verification through bureau header data.

illion Data Registries Pty. Ltd

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3. Access

3.1 The below statistics relate to the number of individuals who accessed their own credit reporting information during the reporting period.

	23.11 (a) % = AI(WC)/ IND x 100
	AI(WC) = the number of individuals given access to their credit reporting information (without charge) by the CRB during the reporting period
% Individuals provided access without charge	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period
	7.50% of individuals about whom credit information was held at the end of the reporting period were given access to their credit reporting information free of charge. When requested online these reports are supplied by illion within 3 business days of receipt of the request.
	23.11 (b) % = AI(C)/ IND x 100
	AI(C) = the number of individuals given access to their credit reporting information by the CRB during the reporting period where the individual used a fee-based service
% Individuals provided access with a charge	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period
	0.00% of individuals about whom credit information was held at the end of the reporting period were given access to their credit reporting information where the individual used a fee-based service.



4. Corrections

- 4.1. A correction request is a request received from an individual requesting correction of their credit information.
- 4.2. The below statistics relate to the number of corrections received and completed and the type of corrections made during the reporting period.

	23.11 (c) % = CR/ IND x 100
	CR = the number of correction requests received by the CRB during the reporting period
% Correction requests	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period
received	0.47% of individuals about whom credit information was held at the end of the reporting period submitted correction requests during the reporting period.
	23.11 (d) % = SCR/ CR x 100
% Successful corrections	SCR = the number of successful correction requests, that is, correction requests received by the CRB during the reporting period where the CRB was satisfied that a correction should be made
	CR = the number of correction requests received by the CRB during the reporting period
	44.80% of correction requests received during the reporting period resulted in a correction being made, based on illion's assessment that a correction should be made.



	23.11 (e) Average days = TD/ TC								
Corrections finalisation period	TD = the total number of calendar days taken from receipt to finalisation for all correction requests finalised by the CRB during the reporting period								
	TC = the total number of corrections finalised by the CRB during the reporting period								
	The average number of days taken from receipt to finalisation of a correction request was 14 days.								
	23.11 (f) % = OCR/ I	ND x 100						
% Other corrections made	OCR = the number of other corrections, that is, corrections made by the CRB during the reporting period that were not made in response to a correction request from the relevant individual								
	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period								
	The percentage of other corrections, that is, corrections made by illion as a result of a request from a party other than the individual was 0.17%								
	23.11 (g) The types of correction requests received and made during the reporting period are depicted below:							are depicted	
Types of corrections made	Enquiry	Personal Information	Accounts	Defaults	Public Record	RHI	Judgments	Personal Insolvency Information	Serious Credit Infringement
	51.80%	18.58%	17.70%	7.73%	2.03%	1.20%	0.75%	0.20%	0.01%
		ustry sectors , Telecommu				ginated th	nat was corre	cted includes Ba	anking and



5. Complaints

	23.11 (h) % = C/ IND x 100						
	C = the number of complaints received by the CRB during the reporting period						
% Complaints received	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period						
	0.01% of individuals about whom credit information was held at the end of the reporting period submitted a complaint during the reporting period.						
	23.11 (i) Information about the types of complaints that were received by the CRB during the reporting period (including a % figure for each complaint type against all types) is as follows:						
Types of complaints							
	Types of Complaints %						
	Credit Report Content 97.99%						
	Credit Score 2.01%						
	Total 100.0%						
	23.11 (j) % = F/ IND x 100						
% Complaints finalised	F = the number of complaints finalised by the CRB during the reporting period						
	IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period						



	0.01% of individuals about whom cred submitted a complaint that was finalis		as held at the end of the reporting period porting period.			
	23.11 (k) Average days = TD/ TCP					
Complaint finalisation period –	TD = the total number of calendar days taken from receipt to finalisation for all complaints finalised by the CRB during the reporting period					
the average number of days	TCP = the total number of complaints finalised by the CRB during the reporting period					
taken to finalise a complaint	The average number of days taken from receipt to finalisation for all complaints finalised by illion's internal dispute resolution process during the reporting period was 24 days. The average number of days taken from receipt to finalisation for all complaints finalised through					
	the external dispute resolution proces	ss (AFCA) during	the reporting period was 101 days			
	23.11 (l) Information about the outcome (including a % figure for each outcome to	•				
	Complaint Outcome Credit Information Updated	56.84%				
Complaint outcomes	Explanation on information held	38.65%				
	Analogy	4.47%				
	Apology	4.47 /0				
	Goodwill	.05%				



6. Serious Credit Infringements

- 6.1 A serious credit infringement is where, in the opinion of a credit provider, an individual has committed an act involving fraudulently obtaining or attempting to obtain consumer credit, or fraudulently evading or attempting to evade their obligations in relation to consumer credit.
- 6.2 A serious credit infringement is further defined as where a reasonable person would consider that the act indicates an intention by the individual to no longer comply with their obligations in regards to the consumer credit provided, the credit provider has taken reasonable steps to contact the individual but has been unable to do so, and at least six months have passed since the credit provider last had contact with the individual.
- 6.3 The below statistics relate to the number of serious credit infringements reported to the credit reporting body and the coverage in each sector.

% Serious credit infringements disclosed

 $23.11 (m) \% = SCI/IND \times 100$

SCI = the total number of times during the reporting period that a credit provider disclosed an opinion to the CRB that an individual had, in circumstances specified by the provider, committed a serious credit infringement

IND = the number of individuals about whom credit information is held at the end of the reporting period

0.00%

There are no SCI's recorded in illion's consumer credit data set.



% Serious credit infringement
by sector

23.11 (n) % = SCI(S)/SCI x 100

SCI(S) = the number of times during the reporting period that a CP from a particular sector disclosed an opinion to the CRB that an individual had, in circumstances specified by the provider, committed a serious credit infringement

SCI = the total number of times during the reporting period that a CP disclosed an opinion to the CRB that an individual had, in circumstances specified by the provider, committed a serious credit infringement

There are no SCI's recorded in illion's consumer credit data set.



7. Monitoring and Auditing Activities (23.11(0))

- 7.1 The Privacy Act and the Privacy (Credit Reporting) Code 2014 (Version 2.1) ('CR Code'), have audit provisions with which a Credit Reporting Body is required to comply. As required by the CR Code, illion has developed a risk-based approach to identify Credit Providers (CPs) that present a high risk of non-compliance with their contractual obligations with regard to data quality, data protection, and correction of data.
- 7.2 The basis of these requirements is to ensure:
 - (a) That credit information that the CP discloses to illion is accurate, up-to-date and complete;
 - (b) That credit reporting information that illion discloses to the CP is protected by the CP from misuse, interference and loss and from unauthorised access, modification or disclosure; and
 - (c) That the CP takes steps in relation to requests to correct credit-related personal information required by Part IIIA, the Regulations and the CR code.
- 7.3 Risk-based framework and approach to assessing CP non-conformance with the CR Code:
- 7.3.1 In accordance with the requirements under the CR Code, illion has a framework to monitor the risk of CP's conformance with the CR code.
 - 7.3.2The framework considers a number of factors that illion believes provides an indication as to the relative risk of non-conformance with the CR code, including:
 - (a) Size and structure of the CP;
 - (b) The CP's approach to data and information security and whether the credit-related personal information held by the CP is protected by reasonable security safeguards;



- (c) Whether the CP follows its own policies, procedures and controls;
- (d) The results of illion's monitoring of correction requests either from the CP or individuals;
- (e) The volume, outcome and proportion of complaints received by illion from third parties including whether or not these complaints resulted in a correction to the relevant file(s);
- (f) The timeframe and process required for the CP to confirm it has made corrections (where appropriate) to its credit-related personal information;
- (g) The results of any past audits of CP's compliance with the obligations under paragraph 23.1 of the CR Code.
- 7.3.3 illion also has established procedures for considering the credentials of credit providers prior to the collection from, and disclosure to, them of credit information. illion has also established a data quality monitoring team that is constantly reviewing the data supplied to it by its various subscribers to ensure this is in line with expectations.
- 7.4 illion's monitoring activity included a number of reviews that led to corrective and remedial actions in this reporting period. These covered the utility, financial services and telecommunications sectors.

Reviews conducted during this reporting period included:

- two commercial entities that were found to be recording default entries incorrectly against individuals, the incorrect entries were removed and appropriate controls put in place to ensure this did not recur;
- four entities where data supplied was incomplete with all but one having remedied this in this reporting period, the outstanding matter was resolved early in the new financial year; and
- an entity was found to be not updating its default entries consistently and subsequently amended its procedures to ensure this was remedied.

There was a review that commenced in the prior reporting period relating to an entity supplying an inaccurate default amount, this was remedied in the current reporting period.

illion will continue to develop its monitoring activity to ensure it is effective in identifying risks and addressing any issues identified.



8. Disclosure to the CRB of consumer credit liability information and repayment history information

- 8.1 Information about the take-up of the new types of credit-related personal information permitted to be held in the credit reporting system from 12 March 2014, including:
- 8.2 New types of credit-related personal information including Consumer Credit Liability Information (CCLI) and Repayment History Information (RHI).
- 8.3 Consumer Credit Liability Information is information about:
 - (a) The name of the CP;
 - (b) Whether the CP is a licensee;
 - (c) The type of consumer credit;
 - (d) The day the consumer credit is entered into;
 - (e) The terms or conditions of the consumer credit relating to repayment of the amount of the credit that are prescribed by the Regulations;
 - (f) The maximum amount of available credit;
 - (g) The day on which the consumer credit is terminated or otherwise ceases to be in force.
- 8.4 Repayment History Information is information about:



- (a) Whether an individual has met an obligation to make a monthly payment that is due and payable in relation to consumer credit;
- (b) The day the monthly payment is due and payable;
- (c) If late payment is made, the day on which the individual makes that payment.
- 8.5 The below statistics relate to the disclosure of new types of credit-related personal information.

	23.11 (p)(i) % = CCLI/ CP x 100
% Disclosure to the CRB of consumer credit liability	CCLI = the number of CPs that disclosed consumer credit liability information to the CRB during the reporting period
information	CP = the total number of CPs that disclosed any credit information to the CRB during the reporting period
	The percentage of CPs that disclosed CCLI to illion during the reporting period was 25.43%
	23.11 (p)(ii) % = RHI/ CP x 100
% Disclosure to the CRB of	RHI = the number of CPs that disclosed repayment history information to the CRB during the reporting period
repayment history information	CP = the total number of CPs that disclosed any credit information to the CRB during the reporting period
	The percentage of CPs that disclosed RHI to illion was 22.41%



9. Glossary

CCR	Comprehensive Credit Reporting
OAIC	Office of the Australian Information Commissioner
illion	illion Data Registries Pty Ltd.
CRB	Credit Reporting Body
СР	Credit Provider
SCI	Serious Credit Infringement
CCLI	Consumer Credit Liability Information
RHI	Repayment History Information

